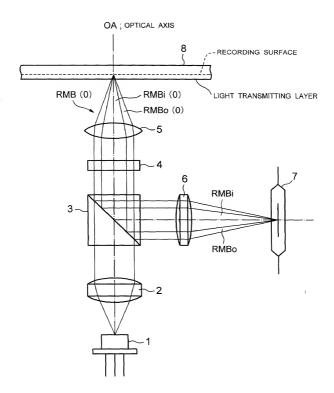
FIG. 1



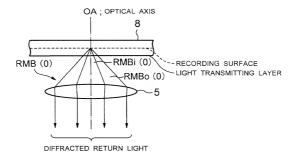
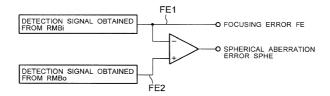
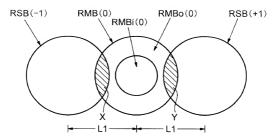


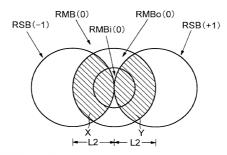
FIG. 3



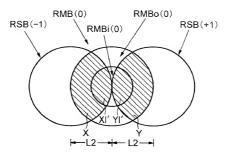


POSITIONAL RELATION BETWEEN THE 0-TH ORDER LIGHT AND THE ±1 PRIMARY DIFFRACTED LIGHT WHEN THE NUMERICAL APERTURE NA IS SMALL IN THE IN-FOCUS STATE OR WHEN THE TRACK PITCH TP IS SMALL IN THE IN-FOCUS STATE.
RMB(0):0-TH ORDER LIGHT, RMB(0):INNER RADIUS LIGHT,
RMB0(0):0UTER RADIUS LIGHT, RSB(-1):-1 PRIMARY DIFFRACTED LIGHT,
RSB(+1):+1 PRIMARY DIFFRACTED LIGHT

FIG. 5



POSITIONAL RELATION BETWEEN THE 0-TH ORDER LIGHT AND THE ±1 PRIMARY DIFFRACTED LIGHT IN A CASE WHERE THE NUMERICAL APERTURE NA IS LARGE IN THE IN-FOCUS STATE OR IN A CASE WHERE THE TRACK PITCH TP IS LARGE IN THE IN-FOCUS STATE.



POSITIONAL RELATION BETWEEN THE 0-TH ORDER LIGHT AND THE ±1 PRIMARY DIFFRACTED LIGHT WHEN THE NUMERICAL APERTURE NA IS LARGE AND IN THE DEFOCUSING STATE, OR WHEN THE TRACK PITCH TP IS LARGE AND IN THE DEFOCUSING STATE.

FIG. 7

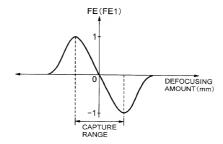


FIG. 8

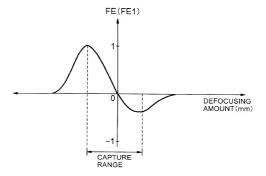


FIG. 9

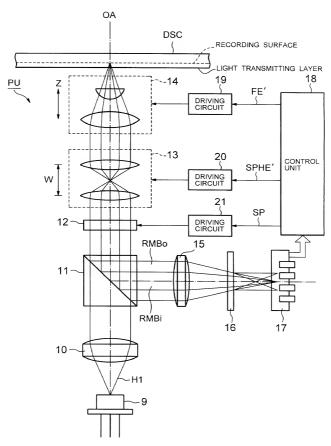


FIG. 10

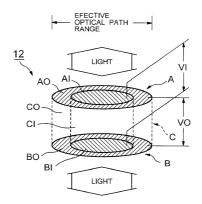


FIG. 11

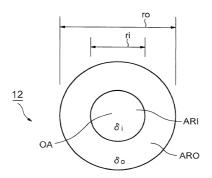


FIG. 12

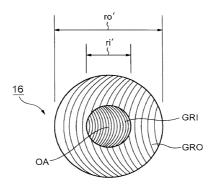


FIG. 13

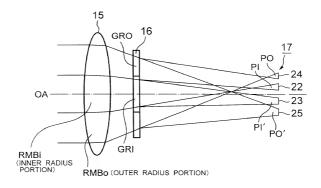
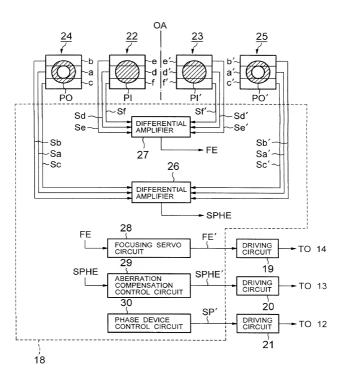


FIG. 14



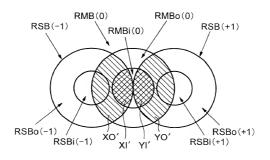


FIG. 16

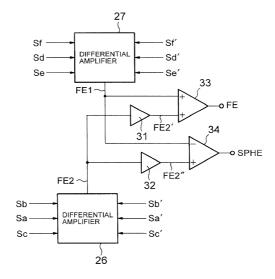


FIG. 17

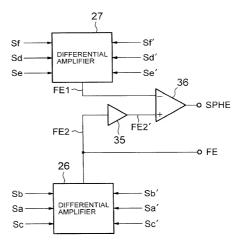


FIG. 18

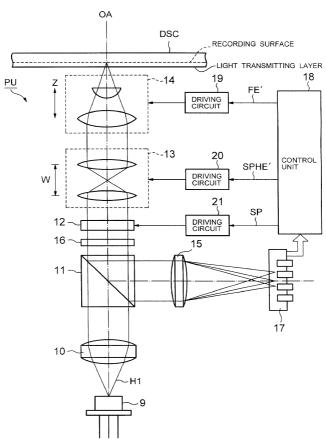


FIG. 19

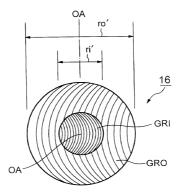


FIG. 20

